#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of M/S SREE SIDHAYE DEVELOPERS PRIVATE LIMITED

Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

#### Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Standalone Financial Statements of M/S SREE SIDHAYE DEVELOPERS PRIVATE LIMITED ("the Company"), which comprise the Standalone Balance sheet as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2024 and the Standalone statement of Profit and Loss for the year then ended, and Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information ("the Standalone Financial Statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Standalone Financial Statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013, as amended ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the State of Affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2024, and its Profit for the year ended on that date.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10)of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the 'Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements' section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the 'Code of Ethics' issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules there under, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the Standalone Financial Statements.

Information other than the Standalone Financial Statements and Auditors' Report thereon



The Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board's report and Business Responsibility Report, but does not include the standalone Financial Statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the standalone Financial Statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information; we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

## Management's Responsibilities for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these Standalone Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Standalone Financial Statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Standalone Financial Statements, the Management and Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.



## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Standalone Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Standalone Financial Statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone Financial
  Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures
  responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to
  provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement
  resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve
  collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal
  control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial control relevant to the audit in order to
  design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section
  143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the
  Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating
  effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management and Board of Directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management and Board of Director's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparation of the Standalone Financial Statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

 Evaluate the overall presentation, structure, and content of the standalone Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Standalone Financial Statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2024 and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

#### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of Section 143 (11) of the Act, we report that the said order does not apply to the company.
- 2. (A) As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
  - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
  - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
  - c) The Standalone Balance Sheet, and the Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
  - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Standalone Financial Statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
  - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2024 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is



- disqualified as on March 31, 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f) The reporting on the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company with reference to these Standalone Financial Statements and the operating effectiveness of such controls is not applicable to the company.
- (B) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us.
  - a) The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position.
  - b) The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
  - c) There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company during the year.
  - d) (i) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall:
    - directly or indirectly lendor invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever("Ultimate Beneficiaries") by or on behalf of the Company or
    - provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
    - (ii) The management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the Company from any persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall:
    - directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") by or on behalf of the Funding Party or



- provide any guarantee, security or the like from or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
  - (iii) Based on such audit procedures as considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (d) (i) and (d) (ii) contain any material mis-statement.
- (e) The Company has not declared or paid any dividend during the year. Hence, the Company is not required to comply with the provision of the Section 123 of the Act.
- (f) Based on our examination, which included test checks, the Company has used accounting software's for maintaining its books of account for the financial year ended March 31, 2024 which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software's. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of the audit trail feature being tampered with.

As proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is applicable from April 1, 2023, reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 on preservation of audit trail as per the statutory requirements for record retention is not applicable for the financial year ended March 31, 2024.

(C) With respect to the matter to be included in the Auditor's Report under Section 197(16) of the Act:

The Provisions of section 197(16) as amended read with schedule V to the Act are applicable only to the public companies. Accordingly, reporting under Section 197(16) of the Act, as amended is not applicable to the company.

Place: Kolkata Date: 01.09.2024

For HARESH PATEL & ASSOCIATES
(Firm Registration No.328385E)
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

M No. :066941

Unique Document Identification Number (UDIN): 24066941BKEWLW6540

## "ANNEXURE-A" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT OF EVEN DATE ON THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of ('the Company') as of 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2024 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

## Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence I/we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

**Opinion** 

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2024, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the ICAI.

Place: Kolkata Date: 01.09.2024

For HARESH PATEL & ASSOCIATES
(Firm Registration No.328385E)
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Proprietor M No.:066941

Unique Document Identification Number (UDIN): 24066941BKEWLW6540

REE SIDHAYE DEVELOPERS PRIVATE LIMITED

Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2024

(Amt in Hundreds)

		- Notes	March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
TE	QUITY & LIABILITIES			
1 5	equity Equity Share Capital	3 4	1,000.00	1,000.00
F	Reserve & Surplus		1,000.00	1,000.00
	Non-current Liabilities	5	110,571.43	105,571.43
1	(a) Long-term borrowings		110,571.43	105,571.43
	Current Liabilities	6	1,108.50	985.00
	Other Current liabilities		1,108.50	985.00
	TOTAL		112,679.93	107,556.43
11.	ASSETS			
1	Non Current Assets Other Non-Current Assets	7	1,858.50	985.00
			1,858.50	985.00
2	Current Assets (a) Inventories	8	109,758.88	106,273.56
	(b) Loans & Advances	8 9		- 007.07
(c) Ca	(c) Cash and Bank balances	10	1,062.55	297.87
			110,821.43	106,571.43
	TOTAL		112,679.93	107,556.43

Significant Accounting policies and Notes attached herein form an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For HARESH PATEL & ASSOCIATES

(Firm Registration number :328385E)

Chartered Accountants

(Haresh Pater)

Proprietors Membership no.:066941

Place .

Date: 01.09.2024

UDIN: 24066941BKEWLW6540

For and on behalf of the board of directors of SREE SIDHAYE DEVELOPERS PRIVATE LIMITED

Rahul Kumar Singh

[Director]

DIN: 08866110

Sanjoy Banerjee [Director]

DIN: 08165118

# SREE SIDHAYE DEVELOPERS PRIVATE LIMITED

Statement of Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31.03.2024

(Amt in Hundreds)

State		Notes	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
1.	Income Revenue from Operation			
11	Other Income		•	
II.	Total Income (I+II)			
III.	Expenses			•
8 3	Employee benefits expenses		070.50	143.00
	Amortisation Expenses Other Expenses	11	873.50	
			873.50	143.00
	Total Expenses	112	(873.50)	(143.00
IV.	Profit Before Exceptional items and Tax (II-III) Prior Period Items		(0/0.00)	
			(873.50)	(143.00)
V.	Profit Before Tax (V-IV)			
VI.	Tax Expenses (a) Current Tax			
	Total tax expenses			
			(873.50)	(143.00)
VII.	Profit for the period (V-VI) Less : Transferred to Preoperative Expenses	15	873.50	143.00
VIII.	Earnings per equity share: (Amt in Rs.)	12	(8.74)	(1.43)
	(a) Basic		(8.74)	(1.43)
	(b) Diluted			

Significant Accounting policies and Notes attached herein form an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For HARESH PATEL & ASSOCIATES

(Firm Registration number :328385E)

Chartered Accountants

Haresh Pate

Membership no.:066941

Place : Kolkata Date : 01.09.2024

UDIN: 24066941BKEWLW6540

For and on behalf of the board of directors of SREE SIDHAYE DEVELOPERS PRIVATE LIMITED

Rahul Kumar Singh

[Director]

DIN: 08866110

Sanjoy Banerjee

[Director]

DIN: 08165118

# SREE SIDHAYE DEVELOPERS PRIVATE LIMITED

Summary of significant accounting policies and Notes forming part of the Financial statements for the Year ended 31st March, 2024

SREE SIDHAYE DEVELOPERS PRIVATE LIMITED ("The Company") is a Private Limited Company domiciled in 1. Company Overview: India and incorporated under the Provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. The Company is formed with the main object of carrying the business of real estate activities.

## 2. Significant Accounting Policies

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in (a) Basis for preparation of financial statements India (Indian GAAP) under the historical cost convention on the accrual basis except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair values. GAAP comprise mandatory accounting standards as prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the act') read with Rule 7 of the Company (Accounts) Rules, 2014, the provisions to the Act ( to the extent notified).

The accounting policies have been consistently applied by the Company and are consistent with those used during the previous year, except where a newly-issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use.

The presentation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge of current events and actions the Company may undertake in future, actual results ultimately may differ from the estimates.

The Company has also reclassified the previous year figures in accordance with the requirements applicable in the current year.

(b) Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognized only when it can be reliably measured and it is reasonable to expect ultimate collection. Revenue from operations includes sale of goods.

Interest income is recognized on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the rate applicable.

(c) Depreciation:

Depreciation on fixed assets is provided on straight-line method/WDV, over estimated useful lives, as determined by the management.

Assets costing less than Rs. 5,000 are fully depreciated in the year of purchase.

For assets purchased/ sold during the year, depreciation is being provided on pro rata basis by the Company.

(d) Amortization Expenses

Preliminary Expenditure: The Preliminary Expenditure are amortized in equal installments over a period of 5 (Five) accounting years.

(e) Investments

Investments which are readily realizable and intended to be held for not more than one year from the date on which such investments are made, are classified as current investments. All other investments are classified as long term investments. Current investments are carried at lower of cost and net realizable value determined on an individual investment basis.

On disposal of an investments, the difference between its earlying amount and net disposal proceeds is

charged or credited to the statements of profit and loss.

- (f) Retirement Benefits: Retirement benefits are accounted for at the time of payment thereof.
- (g) Impairment of assets Consideration is given at each balance sheet date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment of the carrying amount of the Company's fixed assets. If any indication exists, an asset's impairment of the carrying amount of the company's fixed assets whenever the carrying amount of an recoverable amount is estimated. An impairment loss is recognised whenever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds the recoverable amount.
- (h) Income Taxes
   Tax expense comprises of current and deferred tax. Current income tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid to the tax authorities in accordance with the Indian Income Tax Act, 1961.
   expected to be paid to the tax authorities in accordance with the Indian Income Tax Act, 1961.
   expected to be paid to the tax authorities in accordance with the Indian Income Tax Act, 1961.
   expected income taxes reflect the impact of current year timing differences between taxable income and accounting income for the year and reversal of timing differences of earlier years.

Deferred tax is measured based on the tax rates and the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that there is reasonable certainty that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realized. If the Company has carry forward of unabsorbed depreciation and tax losses, deferred tax assets are recognized only if there is virtual certainty supported by convincing evidence that they can be realized against future taxable profits.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date. The Company writes-down the carrying amount of a deferred tax asset to the extent that it is no longer reasonably certain or virtually certain, as the case may be, that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which deferred tax asset can be realized. Any such write -down is reversed to the extent that it becomes reasonably certain or virtually certain, as the case may be, that sufficient future taxable income will be available.

Unrecognized deferred tax assets of earlier years are re-assessed and recognized to the extent that it has become reasonably certain or virtually certain, as the case may be that future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realized.

- (i) Earning per share

  Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.
  - For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period/year attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period/year are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.
- (j) Provision, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

  Provision involving substantial degree of estimation in measurement are recognized when there is present obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that there will be an outflow of resources. Contingent liabilities are not recognized but are disclosed in the notes. Contingent assets are neither recognized nor disclosed in the financial statements.



## SREE SIDHAYE DEVELOPERS PRIVATE LIMITED

# Notes on Financial Statements for the Year ended 31st March, 2024

Notes on Financial Statements	As at 31st Ma	rch, 2024	As at 31st March	2023
3. Share Capital	No. of shares	Rs.	No. of shares	Rs.
Authorised Capital	300,000.00	30,000.00	300,000.00	30,000.00
3,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each) (Previous year 3,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each)				
Issued, Subscribed & paid up: 10,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each	10,000.00	1,000.00	10,000.00	1,000.00
(Previous year 10,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each)	10,000.00	1,000.00	10,000.00	1,000.00

## (i) Details of Shares held by each Shareholders holding more than 5% Shares:

(i) Details of Shares held by each shareholders to	As at 31st March, 2024		As at 31st March, 2023	
W Control of the cont	As at 31st	March, 2024	No. of shares	% of Holding
Name of the Shareholders	No. of shares	% of Holding	2,500.00	25.00%
(a) Rahul Kumar Singh (b) Rohan Singh (C) Sanjoy Banerjee	2,500.00 2,500.00 2,500.00 2,500.00	25.00% 25.00% 25.00% 25.00%	2,500.00 2,500.00 2,500.00	25.00% 25.00% 25.00%

# (ii) The reconciliation of the number of shares outstanding at the beginning and end of the reporitng period :

The reconciliation of the number of shares outstanding at the		Harab 2024	As at 31st March, 2023		
	AS at 3136	March, 2024		Amt in Hundred	
Particulars	No. of shares	Amt in Hundred	140. 01 3110. 0		
	10,000.00	1,000.00	10,000.00	The Real Parks	
Equity Shares Outstanding at the beginning of the year	10,000.00				
Add : Equity Shares Issued during the year			* 1		
Add : Equity Shares issued during the year		4 000 00	10,000.00	1,000.00	
Less : Equity Shares Bought Back during the year	10,000.00	1,000.00			
Fourty Shares Outstanding at the end of the year					

The Company has only one class of share referred to as equity shares having par value of Rs.10 each. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The company declares and pays dividends in Indian rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting. In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders. For the year ended March 31, 2024, the Board of Directors has not recommended any dividend.

(iii) Disclosure of Shareholding of Promoters in Equity Share	As at 31st	March, 2024	As at 31st Mar		during
Name of the Shareholders	No. of shares	% of Holding	No. of shares	% of Holding	the year
Name of the Shareholders	77.744.4	25.00%	2,500.00	25.00%	
a to the war Singh	2,500.00	(T. 10.10.10.10.10.10.10.10.10.10.10.10.10.1	2,500.00	25.00%	
(a) Rahul Kumar Singh	2,500.00	25.00%			
(b) Rohan Singh	2.500.00	25.00%	2,500.00	25.00%	
(C) Sanjoy Banerjee	2,500.00	25.00%	2,500.00	25.00%	
(d) Sreyashi Banerjee	2,500.00				

	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
Reserves and Surplus		
Profit and Loss Account		
Opening Balance		
Add : Profit for the Year		
Closing Balance		



SREE SIDHAYE DEVELOPERS PRIVATE LIMITED

Notes on Financial Statements for the Year ended 31st March, 2024

1.00	ong Term Borrowings		(Amt in Hundreds) As at 31st
5. L	Particulars	As at 31st March, 2024	March, 2023
	Insecured Loan- taken from directors & Shareholders*	110,571.43	105,571.43
U	Insecured Coarr Coarre	110,571.43	105,571.43
T	otal st free Unsecured loan taken and is repayable on demand.		
Intere	est free Unsecured rotal		
	Other Current Liabilities	As at 31st	As at 31st
6. 0	Particulars	March, 2024 440.00	March, 2023 330.0
	udit Fees Payable	668.50	655.0
0	Other Expenses Payable	1,108.50	985.0
	Total	1,108.30	STATE OF
_			
	A Arrote	As at 31st	As at 31st
7. 0	Other Non Current Assets Particulars	March, 2024	March, 2023
M	<u>liscellaneous Expenditure</u> To the extent not written off or adjusted)	212.00	212.00 773.00
F	Preliminary Expenditure	1,646.50	7/3.00
F	Preoperative Expenses	1,858.50	985.00
	Total	1,020.00	
	- Andrew	As at 31st	As at 31st
8.	Inventories Particulars	March, 2024	March, 2023
		109,758.88	106,273.56
	Work in Progress		106,273.56
	Total	109,758.88	106,2/3.36
9.	Loans & Advances	As at 31st	As at 31st
,,	Particulars	March, 2024	March, 2023
-			
	Advance against land		
			*
	Total  Cash and Bank Balances	10101	As at 31st
10.	Particulars	As at 31st March, 2024	March, 2023
	Cash and Cash equivalents		
	Cash on hand	1,062.55	297.87
	Bank Balance with Nationalised Bank		207.07
	Total	1,062.55	297.87
11.	Other Expense	As at 31st	As at 31st
	Particulars	March, 2024	March, 2023
	Establishment Expenses Audit Fee	110.00	110.00
	General Expenses	13.50 750.00	11.50 21.50
(	Consultancy	873.50	143.00
	Total		
12. E	Earning Per Share [EPS]	1	A1-24-1
	Particulars	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
D	rofit for computation of basic and dilutes EPS	(87,350.00)	(14,300.00
V	Veighted average number of shares considered for basic EPS	10,000.00	10,000.00
w	reighted average number of shares considered for diluted EPS	10,000.00	10,000.00
	asic EPS	(8.74)	(1.43
D	olluted EPS	(8.74)	(

SREE SIDHAYE DEVELOPERS PRIVATE LIMITED

13 Additional Regulatory Information

Additional Regulatory Information

Additional Regulatory Information pursuant to Clause 6L of General Instructions for preparation of Balance Sheet as given in Part I of

Division II of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013, are given hereunder to the extent relevant and other than those given elsewhere in

any other notes to the Financial Statements.

		31.0	31.03.2024		THE REAL PROPERTY.	31.03.2023	23	
Particulars	Formula	Numerator (Rs. In Hundred)	Denominator (Rs. In Hundred)	Ratio	Numerator (Rs. In Hundred)		Denominator (Rs. In Hundred)	Ratio
Current Ratio	Current assets /Current Liabilities	110,821.43	1,108.50	16.66	106,	106,571.43	985.00	108.19
Debt-equity ratio	Total debt/ Shareholder's Equity	110,571.43	1,000.00	110.57	105	105,571.43	1,000.00	105.5
Debt service coverage ratio	Earnings available for debt service/ Debt Service	(873.50)	110,571.43	(10.0)	_	(143.00)	105,571.43	0)
Return on equity ratio	Net Profits after taxes / Average Shareholder's Equity	(873.50)	1,000.00	(0.87)	<u></u>	(143.00)	1,000.00	
Inventory turnover ratio	Sales / Avcrage Inventory	N.A.	109,758.88	N.A.	_	NA	106,273.56	1 /9
Trade Receivables turnover ratio	Net Credit Sales / Average Account Receivables	N.A.	N.A.	NA	_	NA	NA	_
Trade Payables turnover ratio	Net Credit Purchase / Average Trade Payable	N.A.	N.A.	z	NA.	N.A.	NA	-
Net Capital Turnover ratio	Net Sales /Working Capital	N.A.	109,712.93	_	NA /	N.A.	105,586.43	6.43
Net Profit %	Net Profit /Sales	(873.50)	.50) N.A.	_	NA.	(143.00)	NA (0	
Return on Capital Employed %	Earning before interest and taxes (EBIT)/Capital		(873.50)	111,571.43	-0.78%	(143.00)		106,571.43



## REE SIDHAYE DEVELOPERS PRIVATE LIMITED

- 14.b. The title deed of immovable properties is held in the name of the Company.
- The Company does not have any Benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the Company for holding any Benami property.
- d. The Company does not have Working Capital limit from any Financial Institution.
- e. The Company has not been declared as a willful defaulter by any lender who has powers to declare a company as a willful defaulter at any time during the financial year or after the end of reporting period but before the date when the financial statements are approved.
- f. The Company does not have any transactions with struck-off companies.
- g. The Company does not have any charges or satisfaction which is yet to be registered with the Registrar of Companies (ROC) beyond the statutory period.
- h. The Company does not have any subsidiary hence the compliance of number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Companies Act 2013 read with Companies (Restrictions on number of Layers) Rules, 2017 is not applicable to company.
- The company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) of entity(is), including foreign entities (intermediaries), with the understanding that the intermediary shall;
  - Directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries), or
  - ii. Provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- j. The Company has not received any funds from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall;
  - Directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate beneficiaries), or
  - ii. Provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries
- k. The Company does not have any transactions which is not recorded in the books of accounts but has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961).



 The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.

## 15.1 Value of Imports calculated on CIF basis

(Amt in Hundred)

Particulars	31" March 2024	31" March 2023
Raw Materials	NIL	NIL
Finished Goods	NIL	NIL
Capital Goods	NIL	NIL

#### 15.2 Earning in Foreign Exchange

NIL

NIL

- 16. All amounts disclosed in the financial statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest hundreds up to two decimals as per the requirements of Schedule III, unless otherwise stated.
- 17. The Previous Year's figures have been re-arranged & regrouped and /or reclassified, wherever necessary to make them comparable with those of current periods.

Place : Kolkata Date : 01.09.2024 As per our Report of even date

For HARESH PATEL & ASSOCIATES (Firm Registration No.328385E) CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

> Proprietor M No. : 066941

UDIN: 24066941BKEWLW6540